

## WOODRUFF TO SEE PRESIDENT TO-DAY

Will Discuss Politics in the State of New York.

### ROOSEVELT KEEPS HANDS OFF

Will Not Interfere in Any Way. According to Loebe-Secretary Wright Invited to Conference on Friday. Will Talk Over Dismissal of the Cadets from West Point.

Oyster Bay, July 28.—State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff comes to Sagamore Hill to-morrow for a conference with President Roosevelt. He will spend several hours at the Hill.

Mr. Woodruff will lay before the President all the facts in the coming gubernatorial nomination fight in New York as he sees them and Gov. Hughes expressed willingness to stand for renomination will be thoroughly discussed. The President's attitude toward Gov. Hughes or any other candidate for the governorship in New York or any other State may be summed up in a line. He is in favor of the man whose nomination will do most to help Judge Taft's election.

When Secretary Loebe was asked to-day if Herbert Parsons or others of the New York State Republican leaders would accompany Mr. Woodruff to the conference with the President, he said that Mr. Woodruff would come alone, but that some of the others might be expected from time to time.

The President, said the secretary, will probably see different people from time to time during the campaign, but that does not mean that he will interfere in any nomination.

**Will Not Interfere.** The President will maintain a policy of absolute noninterference. He has been, and is being, constantly appealed to by members of Congress, assemblymen, and all kinds of candidates to interfere in their favor. He has been appealed to in the gubernatorial matter, but he will not interfere or interest himself in any local fight, but he is intensely interested in Mr. Taft's success and will do all that is legitimate and proper to secure Mr. Taft's election.

The President to-day approved the recommendation of the superintendent of the United States Naval Academy that Midshipman James M. Harison, of Alabama, a member of the second class, should be dismissed from the Academy. Secretary Loebe said that Midshipman Harison had been convicted of using obscene language to an enlisted man.

**Gen. Wright Invited.** Secretary of War Luke E. Wright has been invited to confer with the President this Friday.

Secretary Loebe said to-day that the case of the eight cadets recently dismissed from West Point was only one of a number of matters that would come up for discussion. Secretary Loebe suggested that since the President has approved the dismissal of the cadets, it would be difficult to reopen the matter without a special act of Congress. It is believed, however, that it will not be difficult to find some technicality upon which the case may be reconsidered. If both the President and Secretary Wright favor such action, it has been said that Secretary Wright favored a recommendation of clemency.

Secretary Loebe's only visitors to-day were two Japanese, K. Kimura, professor of biology, from Formosa, and J. Abraham, Prof. Kimura and his friend are about to sail for Japan and they wanted to shake hands with the President before going. Prof. Kimura said that he wished to invite the President to visit his university while on his trip abroad. He seemed quite certain that the President would find time to visit Japan while on his way to or returning from the African hunting trip.

Are Not Spies.

The Japanese seemed well posted on current events and the American content of the interview. "Please don't put us down as spies," said Prof. Kimura with a smile. "We just wanted to meet your great President, so that we might tell our fellow-countrymen that we had shaken his hand. We would like to go with him on that hunting trip and we have the honor to hope that President Roosevelt will visit our country during his trip."

Secretary Loebe told the Japanese that the President was too busy to receive visitors to-day. He invited the professor and his friend to join other visitors to the Hill to-morrow, but Prof. Kimura was on his way to visit the fish hatchery at Cold Spring, and having time for only one visit before he sails, decided to forego the pleasure of meeting the President.

## TAFT WILL TAKE THE NOMINATION

Continued from Page One.

a "concert in Fountain Square." Here is one that the St. Louis Club perpetrated in the square:

What's the matter with Bill Taft? He's all right. That's the whole business. He's all right. With his many pounds of fat. He can fill the chair with that. And he'll keep growing, now that he's about it. He'll all right! He's all right!

And the Columbus Glee Club which has sung at every Republican Presidential inauguration since 1872, fired this in return:

He's no Billy Bryan faker, we'd have it understood. When he's asked to show his hand he always has the goods. A great big fellow, growing, now that he's about it. He'll all right! He's all right!

### Twelve Thousand in Parade.

While the nomination speech was being delivered the Cincinnati people were marshaling their parade. More than 12,000 men were standing in line waiting for the nomination exercises to end, so that they could file past the candidate and give him the city's greeting. The parade was half an hour late getting under way, because they had been counted on such a large scale by Mr. Taft. The reviewing stand was at the entrance to Charles P. Taft's front yard. On the stand were Mr. Taft, Mrs. Taft, Gen. Grant, Senator William Warner, chairman of the nomination committee, and Mayor Markbreit, of Cincinnati.

### Many Negroes in Line.

The feature of the parade was the number of negroes in it. There were eight negro marching clubs, the most of them wearing brand-new uniforms. Altogether, 3,500 men filed past Mr. Taft. They were full of enthusiasm. Another feature of the parade was the appearance of the Cincinnati Yale Club in it. Mr. Taft began to pick up his ears long before the club appeared in view. The strains of "Boola, Boola" were a warning of what was coming. The Yalesters all wore blue serge coats and white trousers and blue Taft hats. They carried blue Taft flags. When they got in front of the reviewing stand they let off a yell and passed a huge bouquet of flowers up into the stand for Mrs. Taft.

Several marching clubs from Indiana and Kentucky were in the parade. Immediately after the parade passed thousands of Taft red, white, and blue balloons were turned loose in all parts of the city. For a time the sky was dotted with them. There was also a daylight fireworks display. The Cincinnati people had prepared a dinner for the nomination committee and Mr. Taft at the Country Club at 6 o'clock. Mr. Taft got tangled up with a lot of Indiana editors who had come down to the celebration and he could not get away. Mr. Taft said in addressing the committee:

"The term Democrat has ceased to be definitive of any particular policy because each quadrennial campaign produces a new set of principles and new issues, whereas the Republican party has shown its consistency and adherence to a clear intelligible course and conduct and policy of government."

He expressed confidence for both the State and national ticket in Indiana.

(Judge Taft's speech of acceptance will be found in full on Pages 4 and 5.)

### "TAFT O. K." SAYS THE SUN.

New York Newspaper Thinks Candidate Wholly Honest.

New York, July 28.—Under the caption "He's all right in spite of everything," the Sun to-morrow will print the following editorial comments on Mr. Taft's speech of acceptance:

"Mr. Taft's speech, deplorable as it is, will not lose him a Republican vote. What a relief it must be to him to-day to have the fearful thing off his mind and off his conscience; and how ardently he must look forward to the time when he can say things and do things, not because they are to make votes for him, but because they are the right things to say and the right things to do."

The nauseating incubus beneath which he staggers in nearly every sentence would suffocate any ordinary man. The odious compulsion to seem and not to be; the sudden onset of a crushing debt upon which an insatiable creditor computes from hour to hour his compound interest; the deadly obligation to gratitude that makes that sweetest and simplest of virtues seem a very vice; the never-remitting admonition to self-effacement—did ever a man, free, independent and sane, find his neck in such a yoke?"

William H. Taft deserves the prayers as well as the votes of every decent citizen in the country. And when he is freed from his dread obsession and once more walks in sunshine that knows no mortgage, he will show his fellow-men that virtuousness, sure death alone, can never frustrate or subdue an honest man."

### BODY BURNS IN MIDAIR.

Hoboken Lineman Electrocuted in Tangle of Live Wires.

Hoboken, N. J., July 28.—With blue flames shooting from many feet from the body as it lay on a tangle of wires, high in the air, William Deppisch was electrocuted here to-day.

Deppisch was working on a pole when his hand struck a live wire. The shock knocked him backwards and he fell into a tangle of wires, one carrying 14,000 volts. His body blazed in midair until three of his comrades got a rope about it and lowered it to the ground.

### McCreezy in San Juan.

San Juan, P. R., July 28.—Consul Gen. Fenton R. McCreezy, of Santo Domingo, is here. He is staying at the governor's palace. He was the guest of honor at a banquet last night. He will sail on the steamship Coamo for New York to-morrow.

"There is too much commercialism in the churches. Churchianity is taking the place of Christianity. I won't accept any creed to bind my faith. I want liberty of speech and freedom to preach. I can't get these in the churches. That's why I quit."

Plans for Rifle Shoot Completed. Special to The Washington Herald. Sanbright, N. J., July 28.—Arrangements for the annual rifle shoot have been completed. Every State in the Union will be represented.

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## McKINLEY IS NAMED CAMPAIGN DIRECTOR

Succeeds Sherman as Head of Congress Committee.

### DAWES IS MADE TREASURER

Former Comptroller Takes Place Vacated by New Chairman, and Henry Casson Is Made Assistant Secretary—Sherman Chooses Date for His Notification of Nomination.

Utica, N. Y., July 28.—The new officers of the Republican National Congressional Campaign Committee have finally been decided upon, and the slate has been approved by a majority of the members of the executive committee.

Representative Sherman this afternoon said that he will be succeeded as chairman of the committee by Representative William B. McKinley, of Illinois, who heretofore has held the office of treasurer.

The new treasurer will be Charles G. Dawes, former Comptroller of the Currency. Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives, will be assistant secretary, a position that is newly created. Mr. Sherman will at once turn over his duties to his successor.

These plans were made at the recent conference between Speaker Cannon and Representatives Sherman, Tawney, and Loudenlager, which was held in this city.

### Majority Approves Slate.

After the conference, Mr. Sherman telegraphed all members of the executive committee saying that he and his conferees had settled upon the above slate, and asked an immediate reply stating whether such an arrangement would be satisfactory. It took some time to reach the various members, as one of them was in California and another in Europe, but this afternoon the approval of a majority of the members of the executive committee had been obtained. By this means the bother of calling a meeting of the executive committee has been avoided.

To-day Mr. Sherman dispatched the following telegram to William H. Taft on the occasion of his notification of his nomination for President:

The Hon. Wm. H. Taft, Cincinnati: Cordial greetings. May the day crowded with activities, have it also much of pleasure for you. I predict that your utterances will be greeted with satisfaction by the American people. JAMES S. SHERMAN.

### Sherman Chooses His Date.

Mr. Sherman also telegraphed to Senator Burrows, asking if August 3 would be a satisfactory date for the notification of the Vice Presidential candidate at Utica.

It is believed that Senator Burrows will assent to this date and arrange for the notification ceremony to take place at that time. The notification will be made the occasion of a great demonstration by the voters of Utica and Onondaga County, irrespective of party affiliation.

### BRYAN CONFIDENT, SAYS MACK

Democratic Chairman Outlines Plans for Campaign. Buffalo, N. Y., July 28.—Chairman Norman E. Mack, of the Democratic National Committee, arrived in Buffalo from Chicago to-day.

He announced that he would immediately begin the work of selecting a series of committees to be appointed in connection with the national campaign, and would hold a conference with State Chairmen in reference to the selection to be made in New York State. He says national headquarters at the Auditorium Hotel, in Chicago, have already been contracted for.

The national chairman said he would remain in Buffalo until August 4, and after that would spend most of his time in Chicago.

He said further: "The outlook for Democratic success is certainly bright. Mr. Bryan feels confident of the result, and he will no doubt make a brilliant campaign."

### GEORGE ADE FOR TAFT.

Says Ohioan Will Win if Voters Are Not Paralyzed.

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 28.—George Ade, reporter, humorist, playwright, farmer, and politician, and Indiana member of the notification committee wrote the following for publication to-day. It is his opinion of William H. Taft and his candidacy:

"Republicans will find the supporting of Judge Taft an easy and joyful task. He is not anything that a candidate should not be. He is not an atmospheric disturbance. He is not a visionary. He is not a grand stand performer. He is not a Don Quixote, tilting at windmills. He is not an experimentalist. He is not an experiment."

"Probably he will be elected. We are not sure. If the world comes to an end to-night, to-morrow will not be July 29. If all the voters get paralyzed of the right hand—or if they become twisted on their dates and forgetful that November 3 is election day—or if the entire population is stricken with some political mania combining St. Vitus dance with seeing things at night—somebody else might stand a show. Otherwise not. In the case of Judge Taft we may use the language of the extinct race track and say, 'Write your own ticket.'"

### AFTER MONEY, SAYS PASTOR.

Tells Flock Ministers Want Coin. He Does Not, So Quits.

Akron, Ohio, July 28.—"Most of the ministers to-day are out for the money," said the Rev. Arthur Geo. formerly of Philadelphia, in an address to his flock, of the Arlington Baptist Church.

"I am not out for the money, and I will quit." And he did.

To-day his congregation is digesting a few remarks Mr. Geo. made on leaving the ministry. They were:

"There is too much commercialism in the churches. Churchianity is taking the place of Christianity. I won't accept any creed to bind my faith. I want liberty of speech and freedom to preach. I can't get these in the churches. That's why I quit."

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## HISGEN WINS.

Continued from Page One.

and it was only when a call for the police had been made that he was allowed to get away without physical violence.

As Sheppard started down the aisle, Chairman Walsh called out hysterically, "Somebody protect that man."

Despite the frantic appeals of Chairman Walsh the delegates refused to come to order until Sheppard had left the hall.

Judge Waterbury, of Kansas, then announced to the convention that Sheppard had acted without the knowledge of the delegation. This brought forth cheers from the delegates and hisses from the galleries. Order was finally restored, when it was announced that Mr. Sheppard had been withdrawn from the national committee of the party. Roll call of the States then proceeded.

In the meantime police officers had been gathering from every station in the downtown loop, and calls were being made for more. At midnight a semblance of order had been restored in the hall, but outside it was different.

Police began to arrive from the several stations and everybody in front of the building was compelled to move on.

The night session followed the example of the afternoon session, and lasted forty-five minutes late. But even then, the first fifteen minutes were wasted, and it was 9 o'clock before it really got to work on the nominations.

### Willie Abbott There.

The balcony was fairly well lined with visitors, and most noticeable of the guests on the stage was Willie J. Abbott, personal representative of William J. Bryan.

When the roll was called for Presidential nominations, Alabama did not respond, and the secretary reached California on the call before Dr. L. A. Fealey, of Alabama, claimed recognition. Then the name of Milton W. Howard, of his State, was called, and the Rev. Roland D. Sawyer launched his nominating speech for Thomas L. Hisgen. He hit a seemingly popular chord by hammering John D. Rockefeller, Standard Oil, and the reversal of the \$20,000,000.

Bernard Sutter, of Georgia, then named John Temple Graves in a plea that the Independence party should break into the solid South and drive out Democracy. Mr. Graves' name got a six-minute demonstration, with hand accompaniments.

### Walsh Hits Republicans.

Charles A. Walsh, of Iowa, permanent chairman of the convention, in taking the gavel this afternoon at Orchestra charged the Republican party with being "a commercial enterprise for the aggrandizement of the money power," and the Democratic party with being "the annex of the Republican party." Ryans and Belmonts now counsel the Democrats.

Instead of a Jefferson or Jackson, he said, while the Rockefeller, J. P. Morgan, and E. H. Harriman were the chief backers of the Republican party. Mr. Walsh charged both parties with having stolen their platform planks from William Randolph Hearst, and concluded with a call to independent voters to join the new party.

The credentials committee was late in bringing its report to the convention hall, and as a result the session of the convention was somewhat late in commencing work. The chairman could not be found, but the New York member of the committee wrote out a substitute report from memory, and it was promptly submitted and adopted. It was declared that only one contest had been brought to the floor, the Fourteenth district of Massachusetts, "and," added the report, "the contestant was seated."

### Report Is Adopted.

The report of the committee on rules, which was adopted unanimously, declared in favor of the adoption of the two-thirds vote for all nominations. Seconding speeches were limited to five minutes each, but no limit was placed on their total number. It was also stipulated that no delegate should speak more than once on any subject, unless by the consent of the convention.

At 3:35 p. m., the committee on resolutions not being ready to report, the convention was entertained by several speakers on various subjects.

When the committee on resolutions finally reported at 5:30, there was a stirring gathering of delegates and spectators.

The platform was a voluminous document that occupied forty minutes in reading. It was read by Clarence J. Shearn, of New York, and covers every possible human ill. When finally Mr. Shearn had concluded reading, it was declared adopted by the chairman and the convention then adjourned until 8 o'clock.

### BRYAN MUM ON HEARST.

Nebraskan Declines to Discuss the Speech of New York Editor.

Lincoln, Neb., July 28.—William J. Bryan to-day declined to discuss the speech of William R. Hearst, at the Independence League convention in Chicago, during which he scored Bryan, and even impugned the motives of the Democratic candidate. Bryan spent the day quietly.

### LLEWELLYN POWERS DEAD.

Member of Congress from Fourth Maine District Passes Away.

Houlton, Me., July 28.—Representative Llewellyn Powers, of the Fourth Maine Congressional district, died at his summer home here early to-day. He was forced to leave Washington for his winter home, in Brookline, Mass., early in the spring by an attack of grip, which was later followed by Bright's disease.

Congressman Powers served as governor of Maine for two terms; was a member of the State legislature for six terms; one of which he served as speaker of the house, and at the time of his death was serving his sixth term in the United States House of Representatives. He was born at Pittsfield, Me., in 1832.

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## PLATFORM IS MADE

Independence League Party Agrees on Planks.

### WANT DIRECT NOMINATIONS

Also Favor Initiative and Referendum and the Recall—Wash-Corrupt Practices Stopped by Law. Favor Revision of Tariff by Friends of People—Denounce Combinations.

Chicago, July 28.—The platform adopted by the Independence League convention to-night is, in part, as follows:

**Direct Nominations.**—As of first importance, in order to secure the power of government to the people, to make their will supreme in the primaries, in the elections, and in the control of public officials after they have been elected, we declare for direct nomination, the initiative and referendum, and the right of recall.

**The Referendum.**—We believe in the principle of the initiative and referendum, and we particularly demand that no franchise grant go into operation until the terms and conditions have been approved by popular vote in the locality interested.

**The Recall.**—We demand for the people the right to recall public officials from the public service. The power to make officials reside in the people, and in them, and we particularly demand that no official be removed from office until he demonstrates his unfitness or betrays the public trust.

**Corrupt Practices at Elections.**—Of next importance is destroying the power of selfish special interests and the corrupt political bosses when the nation is to wrest from their hands their main weapon, the corruption fund. We demand severe and effective legislation against all forms of corrupt practices at elections, and advocate prohibiting the use of any money at elections, except for meetings, literature, and the necessary traveling expenses of candidates.

**Economy.**—We demand honest conduct of public office and business alike, and economical administration of public affairs, and we condemn the gross extravagance of the present administration and its appalling annual increase in appropriations.

**Overcapitalization.**—The Independence party advocates, as a primary necessity for sounder business conditions and improved public service, the enactment of laws, State and national, to prevent watering of stock, dishonest issues of bonds, and other forms of corporation frauds.

**Labor.**—We denounce the so-called labor planks of the Republican and Democratic platforms as political buncombe and contemptible claptrap unworthy of national parties claiming to be serious and sincere. The Independence party condemns the arbitrary use of the writ of injunction and contempt proceedings as a violation of the fundamental American right of trial by jury. We assert that in all actions growing out of a dispute between employers and employees concerning terms or conditions of employment, no injunction should issue until after a trial upon the merits, and that in no case of alleged contempt should any person be deprived of liberty without a trial by jury.

**The Currency.**—The Independence Party declares that the right to issue money is inherent in the government, and it favors the establishment of a central governmental bank, through which the money so issued shall be put into general circulation.

**The Tariff.**—We demand a revision of the tariff, not by the friends of the tariff, but by the friends of the people.

**The Railroads.**—The railroads must be kept open to all upon exactly equal terms. Every form of rebate and discrimination and railroad rates is a crime against business and must be stamped out. We favor the creation of an Interstate Commerce Court, whose sole function it shall be to review speedily and enforce summarily the orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

**Trusts.**—We denounce all combination for restraint of trade and for the establishment of monopoly in all products of labor and declare that such combinations are not combinations for production, but for extortion, and that activity in this direction is not activity but robbery. In cases of infractions of the anti-trust law or of the interstate commerce act, we believe in the enforcement of a prison penalty.

**Public Ownership.**—We advocate the extension of the principle of public ownership of public utilities, including railroads, gas, water, telephone, and electric power, as rapidly as municipal, State, or national government shall demonstrate ability to conduct public utilities for the public benefit.

**Parcels Post and Postal Savings.**—The parcels post system should be rapidly and widely extended and government postal savings banks should be established where the people's deposits will be secure.

**Good Roads.**—We favor the immediate development of a national system of good roads connecting all States and national aid to States in the construction and maintenance of post roads.

**Fictitious Sales of Farm Products.**—We advocate such legislation, both State and national, as will suppress the bucket shop and prohibit the fictitious selling of farm products for future delivery.

**National Health Bureau.**—We favor the creation of a national department of public health.

**Asiatic Exclusion.**—We demand the passage of an exclusion act which shall protect American workmen from competition with Asiatic cheap labor and which shall protect American civilization from the contamination of Asiatic conditions.

**The Navy.**—We favor the speedy building of a navy sufficiently strong to protect at the same time both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts.

**Inland Waterways and National Resources.**—We rejoice in the adoption by both the Democratic and Republican platforms of the demand of the Independence party for improved national waterways and the Mississippi deep inland waterways project to complete a ship canal from the Gulf to the Great Lakes.

**Popular Election of Senators.**—Income Tax. We advocate the popular election of United States Senators, and of judges, both State and Federal, and favor a graduated income tax and constitutional amendment necessary to these ends.

**HAMMERSTEIN ARRESTED.**

Son of New York Impresario Held in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 28.—Arthur Hammerstein, son of Oscar Hammerstein, the New York impresario, who is in charge of the construction of his father's Philadelphia opera-house, Broad and Poplar streets, was arrested this afternoon by the police of Lower Merion township on the charge of annoying women and children in the vicinity of his home at Ardmore.

Taken to the station-house at Ardmore, where he will have a hearing to-night, Hammerstein demanded to know why he had been arrested. The policeman refused to answer his question, saying he would hear all about it from the witnesses to be summoned to the hearing.

Later Hammerstein was held in West Point.

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## DE REUS CALLED TO HOLLAND

Will Be Asked to Explain Article that Offended Castro.

No Official Action to Be Taken Until Expelled Minister Tells His Side of Story.

The Hague, July 28.—The colonial office publishes a dispatch from the governor of Curacao relating to the troubles at Willemstad on Saturday.

The Venezuelan consul, Senor Roberto Lopez, is accused of having fired two revolver shots from his house on Sunday morning, and in the evening was escorted to a steamer and left for Venezuela.

Quiet now prevails in the town, and the government has ordered M. de Reus, its expelled resident minister at Caracas, who is now at Willemstad, to return to Holland to explain the insulting article attributed to him in "The Hague Journal."

The government will take no official action until M. de Reus has returned and had an opportunity of giving his version of the incident.

The Socialist papers oppose war on the grounds it would increase taxes. The public takes the same view.

Willemstad, Curacao, July